

FIGURE S1

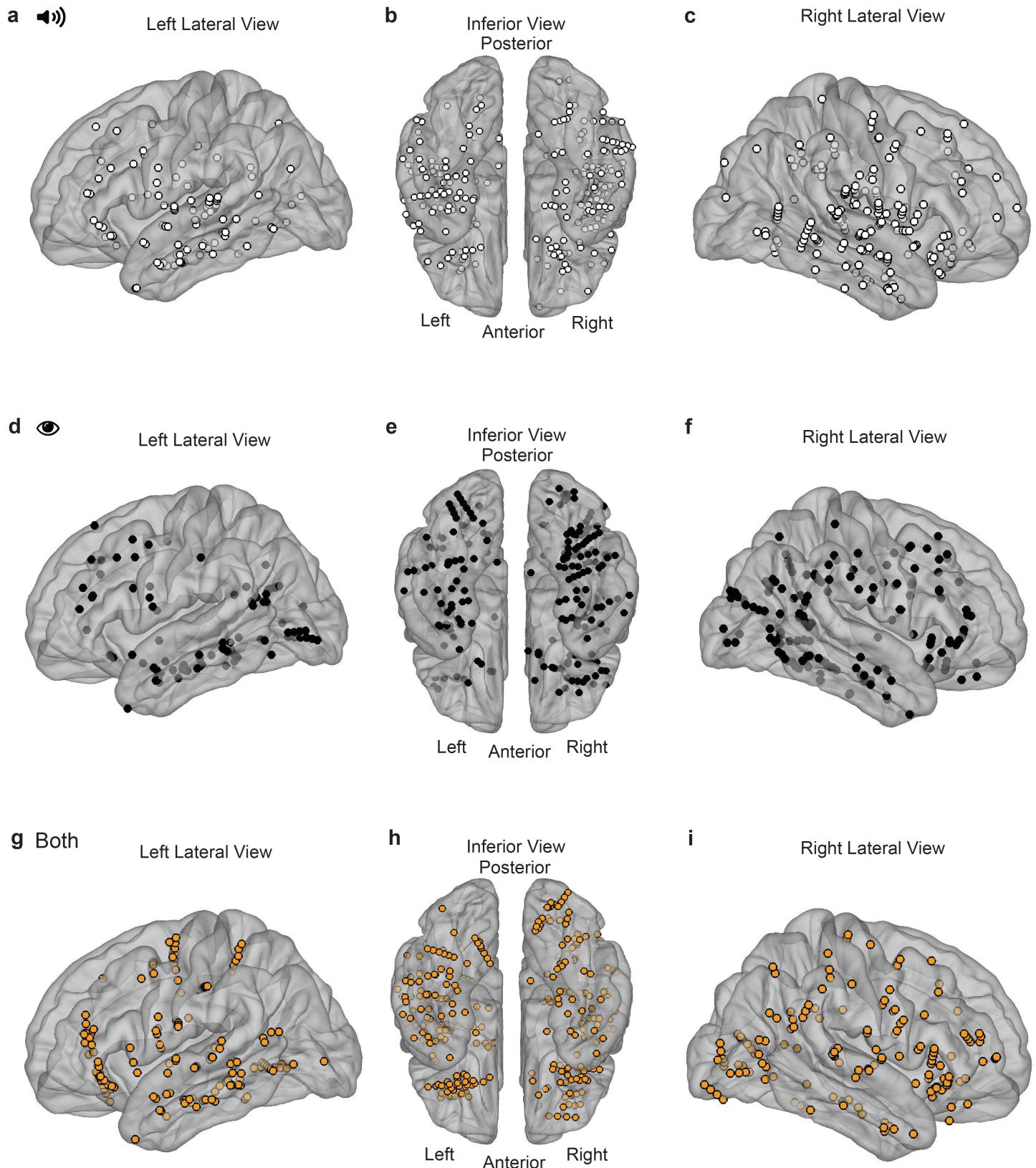


Fig. S1 | Location of responsive electrodes. **a-c.** Only audio responsive electrodes (a: left hemisphere lateral view, n= 102; b: inferior view (n=272); c: right hemisphere lateral view, n= 170). **d-f.** Only visually responsive electrodes (d: n= 85; e: n=239; f n= 154). **g-i.** Audiovisual responsive electrodes (g: n= 147; h: n=293; i: n= 146). The same color scheme is followed throughout the paper to indicate vision-only, audio-only or audiovisual electrodes. iELVis pullout factor=20, opaqueness=0.6.

FIGURE S2

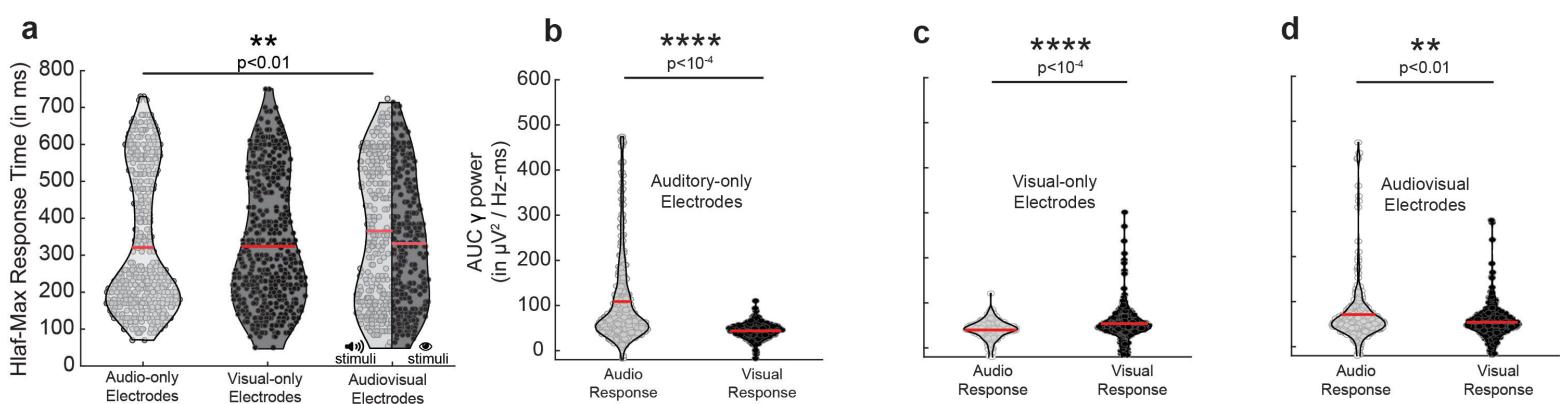


Fig. S2 | Half-maximum time and area under the curve for responsive electrodes. **a.** Half-maximum time for audio-only electrodes (left, light-gray: 329 ± 187 ms), visual-only electrodes (middle, black: 336 ± 174 ms), and audiovisual electrodes (right; auditory stimuli in light-gray: 379 ± 193 ms, visual stimuli in black: 341 ± 174 ms). There was a small but significant difference between the half-maximum time for auditory-only electrodes and for auditory responses of audiovisual electrodes ($p < 0.01$, ranksum test). Horizontal red bars indicate mean. Horizontal black bars indicate significant differences.

b-d. Area under the curve for the trial averaged response to auditory stimuli (light-gray violin plots) and visual stimuli (black violin plots) for audio-only electrodes (**b**, auditory stimuli: $108 \pm 100 \mu\text{V}^2/\text{Hz-ms}$, visual stimuli: $44 \pm 16 \mu\text{V}^2/\text{Hz-ms}$; $p < 10^{-4}$, ranksum test), visual-only electrodes (**c**, auditory stimuli: $40 \pm 23 \mu\text{V}^2/\text{Hz-ms}$, visual stimuli: $53 \pm 43 \mu\text{V}^2/\text{Hz-ms}$; $p < 10^{-4}$, ranksum test), and audiovisual electrodes (**d**, auditory stimuli: $71 \pm 72 \mu\text{V}^2/\text{Hz-ms}$, visual stimuli: $54 \pm 39 \mu\text{V}^2/\text{Hz-ms}$; $p < 0.01$, ranksum test). Horizontal red bars indicate mean. Horizontal black bars indicate significant differences.

FIGURE S3

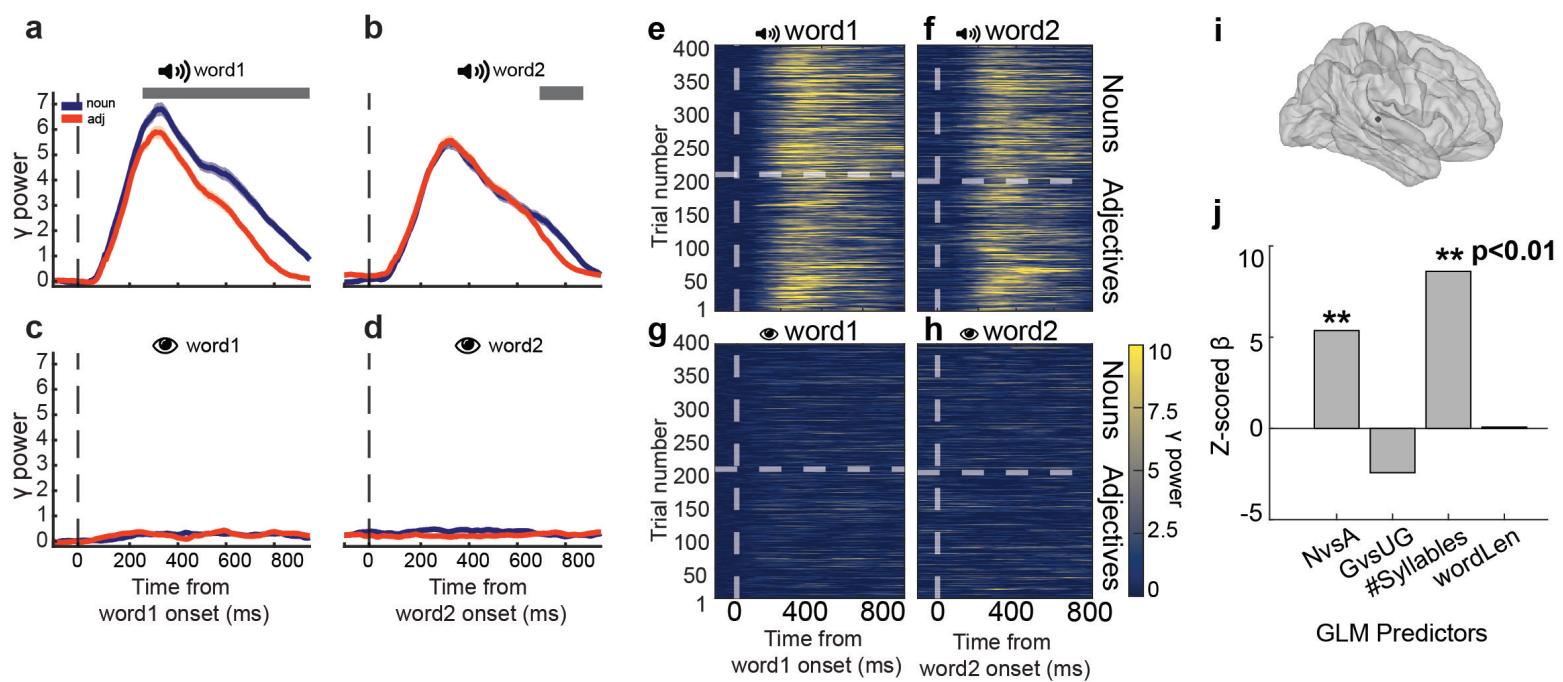


Fig. S3 | Example electrode distinguishing parts of speech only for auditory stimuli. **a-d.** Trial averaged γ power of neural responses to Taiwanese words, separated by nouns (blue) and adjectives (red). Neural responses are shown for auditory presentation (**a, b**), and visual presentation (**c, d**), aligned to word1 onset (**a, c**) or word2 onset (**b, d**). The vertical dashed lines show word onsets. Shaded areas represent s.e.m. Horizontal lines indicate time periods of statistically significant differences between nouns and adjectives (t-test, $p<0.05$, Benjamini-Hochberg false detection rate, $q<0.05$). There was a significant difference between noun and adjectives for auditory presentations shown with a gray horizontal line but no difference for visual presentations.

e-h. Raster plots showing the responses in individual trials (see color scale on bottom right).

i. Electrode location in the right insula.

j. Z-scored β coefficients for Generalized Linear Model used to predict area under the curve between 200 ms and 800 ms post word onset using four task predictors: Noun versus Adjectives, Grammatically Correct versus Ungrammatical, number of syllables (auditory presentation) and word length (visual presentation). Asterisks denote statistically significant coefficients.

FIGURE S4

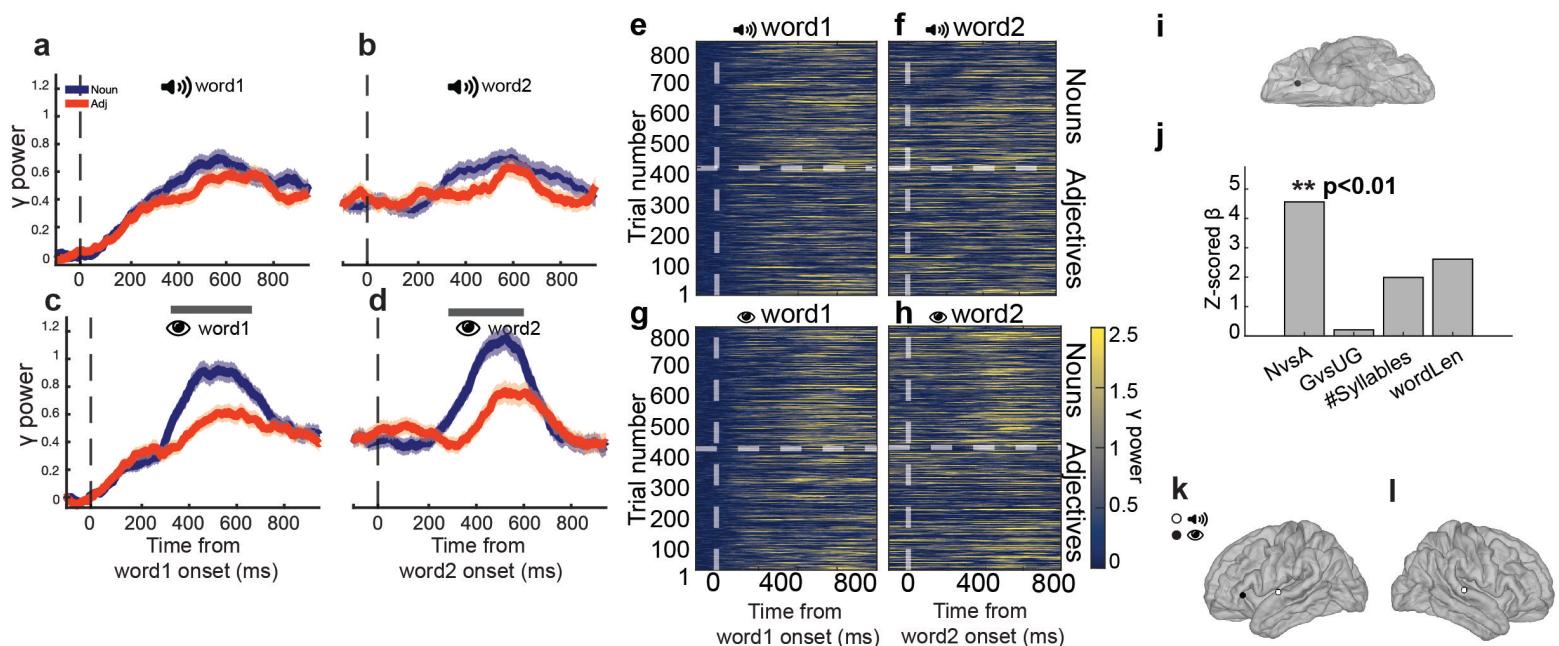


Fig. S4 | Example electrode distinguishing parts of speech only for visual stimuli. a-d. Trial averaged γ power of neural responses to Taiwanese words, separated by nouns (blue) and adjectives (red). Neural responses are shown for auditory presentation (**a, b**), and visual presentation (**c, d**), aligned to word 1 onset (**a, c**) or word 2 onset (**b, d**). The vertical dashed lines show word onsets. Shaded areas represent s.e.m. Horizontal lines indicate time periods of statistically significant differences between nouns and adjectives (t-test, $p < 0.05$, Benjamini-Hochberg false detection rate, $q < 0.05$). There was a significant difference between noun and adjectives for visual presentations shown with a gray horizontal line but no difference for auditory presentations.

e-h. Raster plots showing the responses in individual trials (see color scale on bottom right).

i. Electrode location in the left lateral orbitofrontal.

j. Z-scored β coefficients for Generalized Linear Model used to predict area under the curve between 200 ms and 800 ms post word onset using four task predictors: Noun versus Adjectives, Grammatically Correct versus Ungrammatical, number of syllables (auditory presentation) and word length (visual presentation). Asterisks denote statistically significant coefficients.

k,l. Electrodes in the left (**k**) and right (**l**) hemispheres that showed significant differences between nouns and adjectives either only for auditory trials (white circles) or visual trials (black circles).

FIGURE S5

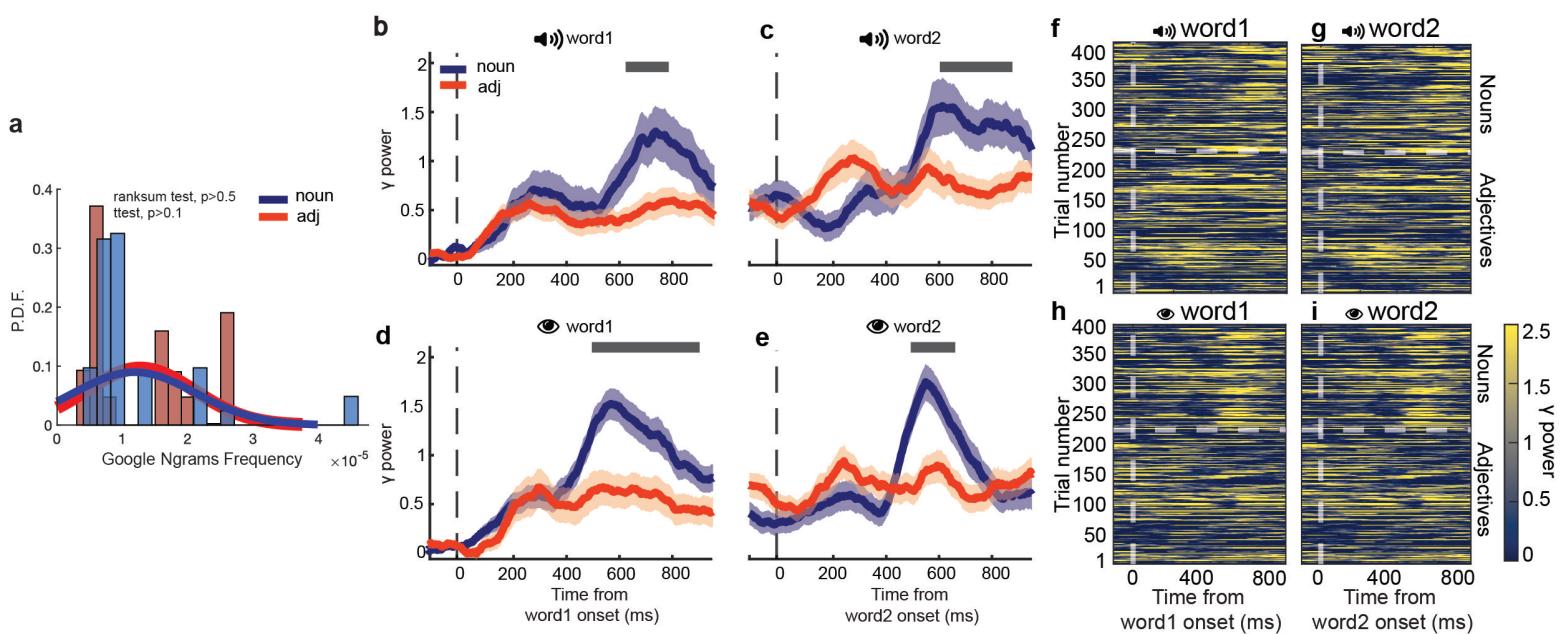


Fig. S5 | Example electrode distinguishes parts-of-speech for nouns and adjectives matched for their frequency of occurrence. a. Google Ngrams frequency distribution of nouns (blue) and adjectives (red) that were matched for their median ($p > 0.05$, ranksum test) and mean ($p > 0.05$, t-test).

b-e. Trial averaged γ -power of neural responses to word onsets, separated by nouns (blue) and adjectives (red). Neural responses are shown for auditory presentation (b, c), and visual presentation (d, e), aligned to word 1 onset (a, c) or word 2 onset (c, e). The vertical dashed lines show word onsets. Shaded areas represent s.e.m. Horizontal lines indicate time periods of statistically significant differences between noun subcategories and adjective subcategories (t-test, $p < 0.05$, Benjamini-Hochberg false detection rate, $q < 0.05$).

f-i. Raster plots showing the responses in individual trials (see color scale on bottom right).

FIGURE S6

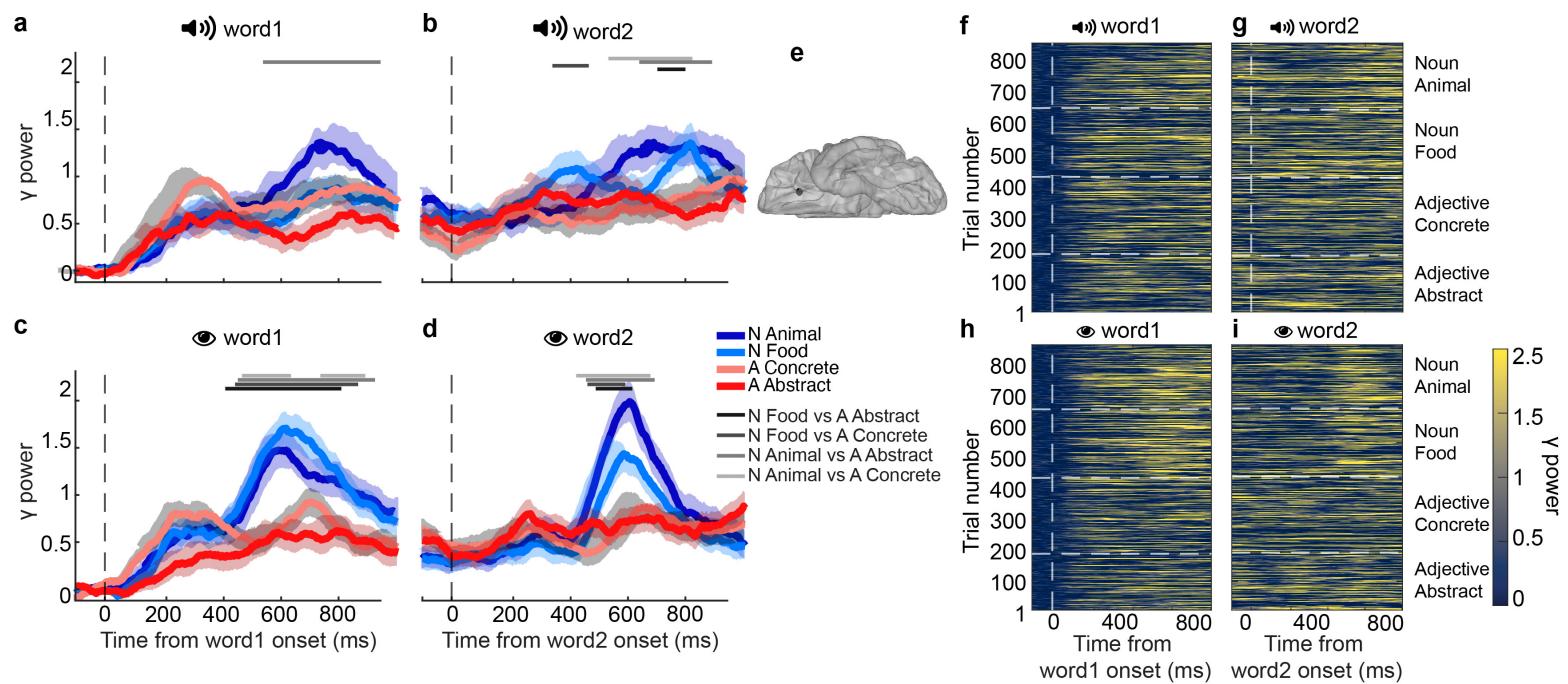


Fig. S6 | Selective responses to nouns versus adjectives across different noun and adjective categories.

a-d. Trial averaged γ -power of neural responses to words, separated by animal nouns (dark blue), food nouns (light blue), concrete adjectives (light red), and abstract adjectives (dark red). Neural responses are shown for auditory presentation (**a, b**), and visual presentation (**c, d**), aligned to word 1 onset (**a, c**) or word 2 onset (**b, d**). The vertical dashed lines show word onsets. Shaded areas represent s.e.m. Horizontal lines indicate time periods of statistically significant differences between noun subcategories and adjective subcategories (t-test, $p < 0.05$, Benjamini-Hochberg false detection rate, $q < 0.05$). There were no significant differences between noun sub-categories or between adjective sub-categories.

e. Electrode location in left lateral orbitofrontal.

f-i. Raster plots showing the responses in individual trials (see color scale on bottom right).

FIGURE S7

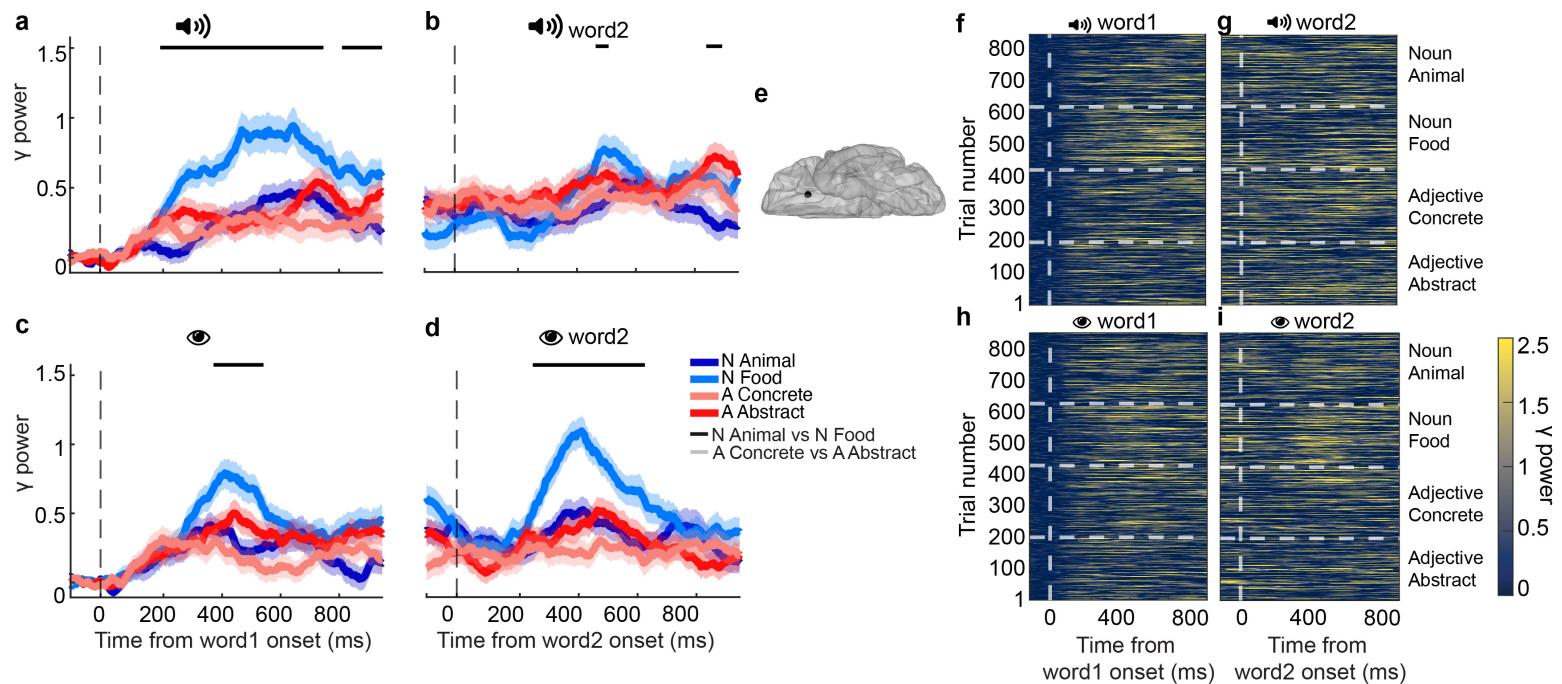


Fig. S7 | Example electrode distinguishing different types of nouns. **a-d.** Trial averaged γ -power of neural responses to words, separated by animal nouns (dark blue), food nouns (light blue), concrete adjectives (light red), and abstract adjectives (dark red). Neural responses are shown for auditory presentation (**a, b**), and visual presentation (**c, d**), aligned to word 1 onset (**a, c**) or word 2 onset (**b, d**). The vertical dashed lines show word onsets. Shaded areas represent s.e.m. Horizontal lines indicate time periods of statistically significant differences between noun subcategories and adjective subcategories (t-test, $p<0.05$, Benjamini-Hochberg false detection rate, $q<0.05$). There was a significant difference between noun sub-categories shown with a black horizontal line but no difference between adjective sub-categories.

e. Electrode location in the left lateral orbitofrontal.

f-i. Raster plots showing the responses in individual trials (see color scale on bottom right).

FIGURE S8

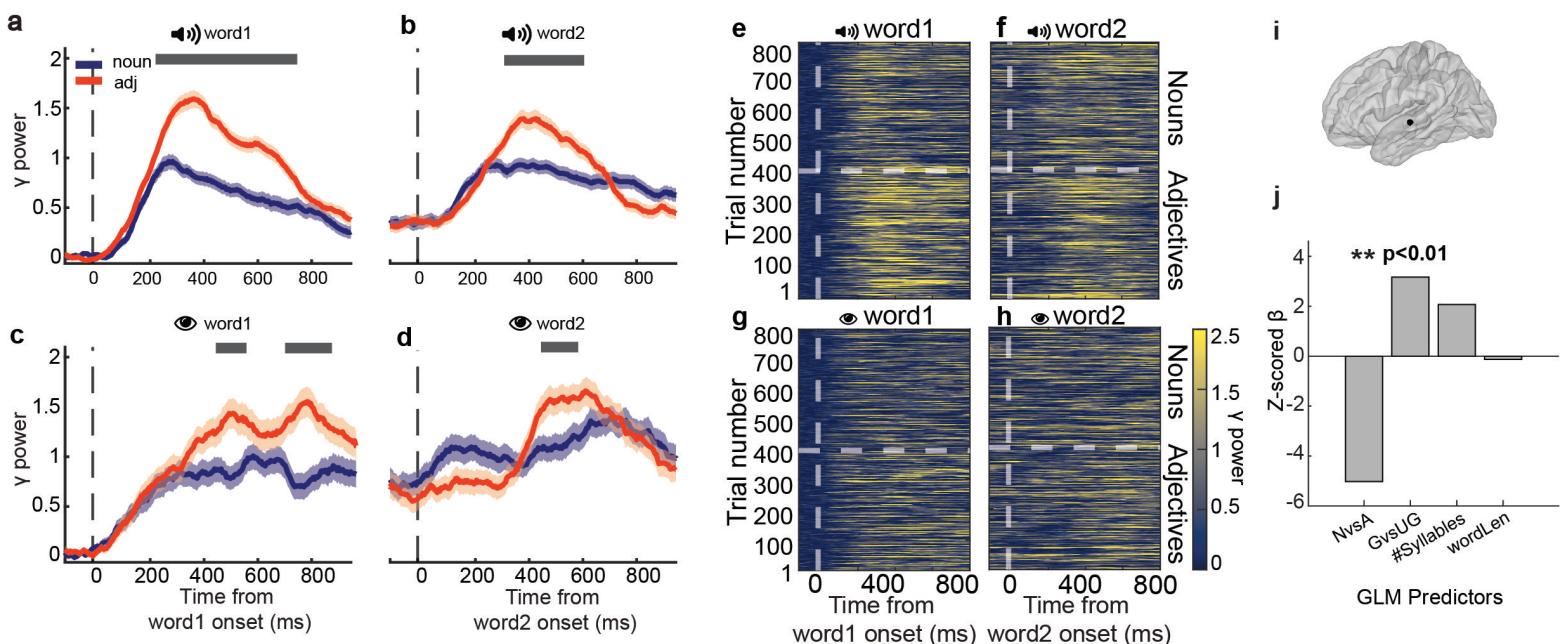


Fig. S8 | Example electrode distinguishing nouns from adjectives with a preference for adjectives. a-d. Trial averaged γ -power of neural responses to English words, separated by nouns (blue), and adjectives (red). Neural responses are shown for auditory presentation (**a, b**, , n=442 grammatical and 438 ungrammatical trials), and visual presentation (**c, d**, n=432 grammatical and 434 ungrammatical trials), aligned to word 1 onset (**a, c**) or word 2 onset (**b, d**). The vertical dashed lines show word onsets. Shaded areas represent s.e.m. Horizontal lines indicate time periods of statistically significant differences between nouns and adjectives (t-test, $p<0.05$, Benjamini-Hochberg false detection rate, $q<0.05$).

e-h. Raster plots showing the responses in individual trials (see color scale on bottom right).

i- Electrode location in the left superior temporal gyrus.

j-k. Z-scored β coefficients for Generalized Linear Model used to predict area under the curve between 200 ms and 800 ms post word using four task predictors: Noun versus Adjectives, Grammatical versus Ungrammatical, number of syllables (auditory presentation) and word length (visual presentation). Asterisks denote statistically significant coefficients. Only the Nouns vs Adjective task predictor was significant and showed a preference for adjectives ($p<0.01$, corrected for multiple comparisons and $\beta_{NvsA} < 0$)

FIGURE S9

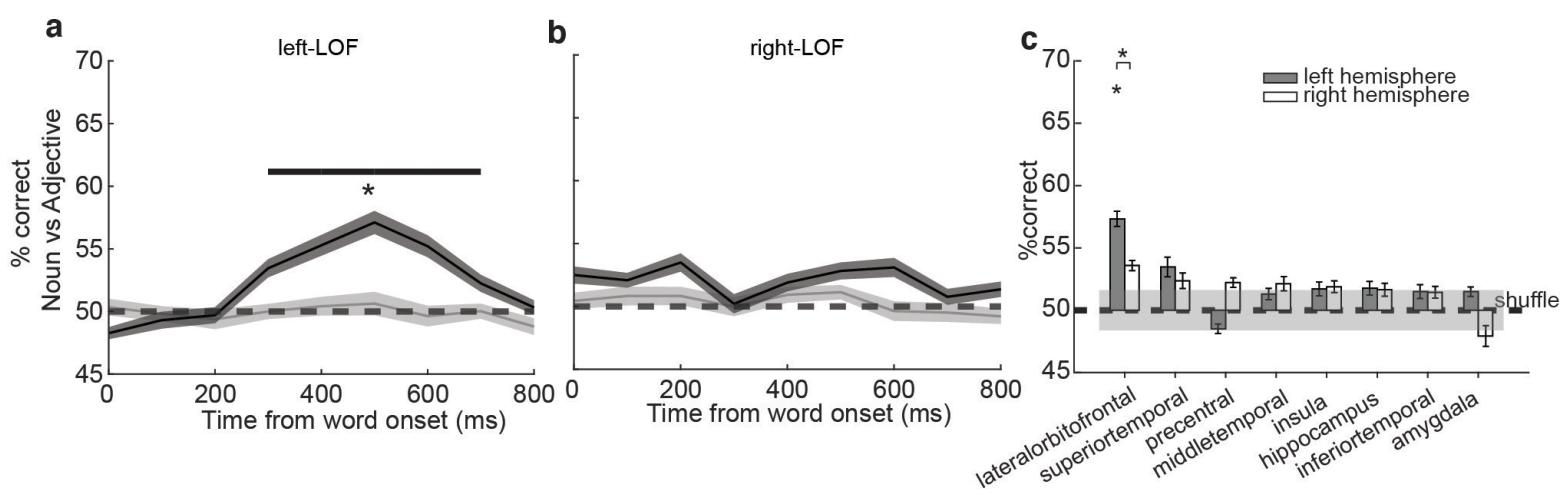


Fig. S9 | Neural signals from left-LOF distinguish nouns and adjectives when number of electrodes were normalized across all regions and both hemispheres. **a-b.** Average cross-validated performance of a support vector machine classifier (SVM, 80% training/20% test) decoding nouns versus adjectives for 8 randomly subsampled electrodes in the left lateral orbitofrontal cortex (LOF) (**a**), and in the right LOF (**b**).

Black: original labels; Gray: shuffled labels. The dotted horizontal black line shows the chance level. Solid horizontal gray bar shows time points where decoding from correct labels significantly differed from that of shuffled labels (100 random shuffles of the data, ranksum test, $p < 0.01$). The inputs to the SVM were 100 ms time bins from word onset containing the top-N principal components of the electrode response at each bin that explained $>70\%$ variance for the training data (**Methods**).

c. Summary of average of max-decoding performance for distinguishing nouns versus adjectives across both hemispheres (left hemisphere: dark gray bars; right hemisphere: white bars) for different brain regions when a total of 8 electrodes was taken from each hemisphere in each region for the decoding. Regions with less than 8 electrodes in either hemisphere were omitted.

Asterisk: significant hemisphere within a Desikan-Killiani defined brain region ($p < 0.01$, ranksum test, corrected for multiple comparisons, and performance from the real and null distribution do not overlap within 3 standard deviations of each other) (**Methods**). Gray box: maximum mean \pm s.t.d. for the null distribution across all regions. Asterisk with a U-bracket: significant difference between decoding accuracy of the left versus the right hemisphere ($p < 0.01$, ranksum test, corrected for multiple comparisons). Regions are sorted in descending order of performance in panel **c**.

FIGURE S10

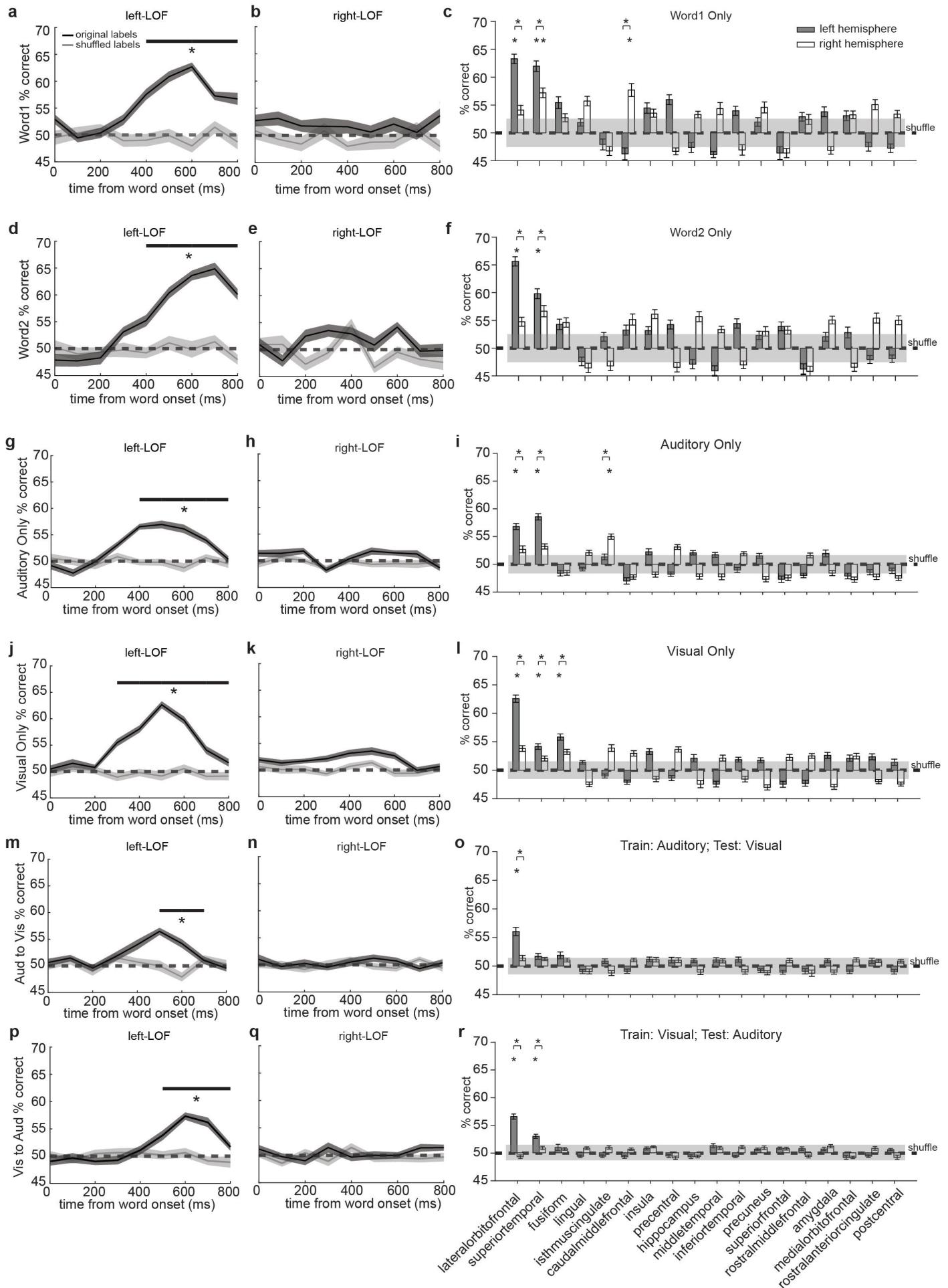


Fig. S10 | Neural signals distinguish nouns and adjectives in single trials for word1-only, word2-only, audio-only features, vision-only features, and generalization from audio to vision or vice versa.

a, b, d, e, g, h, m, n, p, q. Average cross-validated performance of a support vector machine classifier (SVM, 80% training/20% test) decoding nouns versus adjectives for all electrodes in the left lateral orbitofrontal cortex (LOF) (**a,d,g,j,m,p**), and in the right LOF (**b,e,h,k,n,q**). The dotted horizontal black line shows the chance level. Shaded areas denote s.e.m. Solid horizontal black bar shows time points where performance significantly differed from chance (100 random shuffles, ranksum test, $p<0.01$). The inputs to the SVM included the top-N principal components of the electrode response that explained >70% variance for the training data at each time bin (**Methods**). Features from auditory and visual responses were combined and used for training and testing on datasets of word1 (**a,b**) and word2 trials (**d,e**). Using a combined dataset of word1 and word2 trials, the decoding performance was evaluated for audio-only (**g,h**) and vision-only features (**j,k**). The decoding performance generalized for audio to vision (**m,n**) and vice versa (**p,q**).

c, f, i, l, o, r . Summary of average of max-decoding performance for distinguishing nouns versus adjectives in each hemisphere (dark: left; white: right) for different brain regions. Bottom asterisks denote regions with significant decoding performance with respect to chance and performance from the real and null distribution do not overlap within 3 standard deviations of each other ($p<0.01$, ranksum test, corrected for multiple comparisons, **Methods**). Shaded box: maximum of the mean \pm SD. for the null distribution across all regions. Top asterisks with a U-bracket denote significant differences between decoding accuracy of the left versus the right hemisphere ($p<0.01$, ranksum test, corrected for multiple comparisons). **c:** Classifiers were trained and tested on Word1 trials. **f:** Classifiers were trained and tested on Word2 trials. **i:** Classifiers were trained and tested on audio trials. **l:** Classifiers were trained and tested on visual trials. **o:** Classifiers were trained on audio trials and tested on visual trials. **r:** Classifiers were trained on visual trials and tested on audio trials.

FIGURE S11

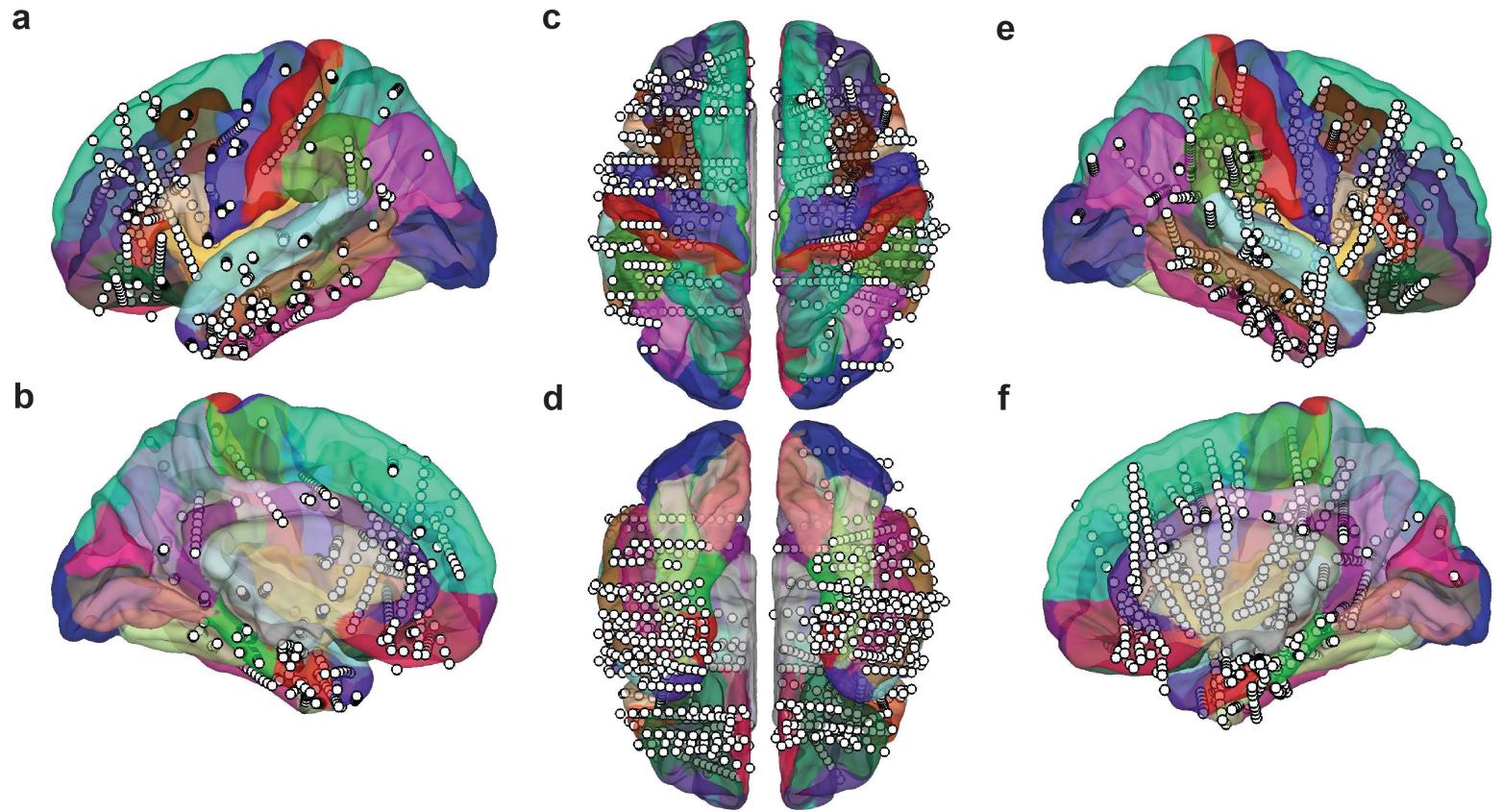


Fig. S11 | Electrode locations for sentence task

a-f. Location of all electrodes overlayed on the Desikan-Killiany Atlas shown with different views. Each white circle shows one electrode. **a.** Left lateral view (n=760), **b.** Left medial view (n=760), **c.** Superior, whole brain view (n=1593), **d.** Inferior, whole brain view (n= 1593), **e.** Right lateral view (n=833) **f.** Right medial view (n=833).

Subject	Age	Gender	Language	Handedness	#Trials	%Correct	#Electrodes
1	9	M	EN	R	1178	98.5	142
2	14	F	EN	R	1332	94.7	100
3	22	M	EN	R	1520	97.5	212
4	49	F	EN	L	760	83.3	44
5	18	F	EN	R	3573	99.6	100
6	20	M	EN	R	760	99.3	139
					760	67.5	
7	16	F	EN	L	760	97.9	88
8	12	F	EN	R	760	92.9	131
9	37	F	EN	R	1900	89.3	51
10	47	F	EN	R	1895	98.3	75
11	12	M	EN	R	950	95.5	135
12	13	F	EN	R	950	99.3	121
13	25	M	EN	L write, R throw	1520	99.3	84
14	26	F	EN	L write, R other	1900	97.4	32
15	32	F	EN	R	1521	98.4	29
					EN:950		
16	22	M	EN & SP	R	SP:950	97.3	77
17	42	M	TW	R	1068	89	57
18	36	M	TW	R	2429	87.1	59
19	53	F	EN	R	950	90.5	73
20	44	M	TW	R	1900	NA	52
					TOTAL	1801	

Table S1 | Information about each participant including age, gender, language (ENglish, SPanish, TaiWanese), handedness, number of trials, behavioral performance and number of electrodes.

Region\nElec	Total	GMLeft	WMLeft	Left	GMRight	WMRight	Right	rAud	rVis	rAV
Amygdala	52	21	0	21	31	0	31	9	7	1
Cerebellum-Cortex	4	3	0	3	1	0	1	2	1	1
Hippocampus	59	33	0	33	26	0	26	15	14	5
Inf-Lat-Vent	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Lateral-Ventricle	4	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	1	0
Putamen	2	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
VentralDC	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
bankssts	24	2	4	6	9	9	18	20	11	9
caudalanteriorcingulate	17	3	1	4	3	10	13	0	0	0
caudalmiddlefrontal	52	2	12	14	21	17	38	11	14	7
cuneus	16	0	3	3	10	3	13	6	8	5
entorhinal	6	1	1	2	2	2	4	0	1	0
frontalpole	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
fusiform	108	19	32	51	27	30	57	40	41	21
inferiorparietal	73	3	17	20	31	22	53	14	35	11
inferiortemporal	119	14	38	52	31	36	67	22	26	15
insula	109	18	29	47	29	33	62	45	24	12
isthmuscingulate	32	7	4	11	11	10	21	6	4	1
lateraloccipital	41	2	8	10	13	18	31	16	26	9
lateralorbitofrontal	113	7	31	38	38	37	75	45	40	29
lingual	45	6	13	19	8	18	26	21	33	17
medialorbitofrontal	47	10	8	18	14	15	29	6	9	5
middletemporal	117	27	39	66	24	27	51	28	20	8
paracentral	4	0	0	0	2	2	4	0	0	0
parahippocampal	27	12	4	16	6	5	11	3	3	1
parsopercularis	18	5	4	9	4	5	9	10	7	5
parsorbitalis	20	2	5	7	7	6	13	4	7	4
parstriangularis	34	3	4	7	16	11	27	9	10	7
pericalcarine	13	3	2	5	3	5	8	8	8	6
postcentral	37	2	6	8	10	19	29	13	12	7
posteriorcingulate	16	4	3	7	1	8	9	6	4	4
precentral	87	10	10	20	33	34	67	47	40	29
precuneus	80	12	24	36	14	30	44	6	15	3
rostralanteriorcingulate	16	3	4	7	5	4	9	0	0	0
rostralmiddlefrontal	94	16	22	38	24	32	56	27	28	18
superiorfrontal	85	17	16	33	19	33	52	18	18	9
superiorparietal	49	4	6	10	15	24	39	13	16	7
superiortemporal	108	20	38	58	15	35	50	69	28	26
supramarginal	56	0	0	0	30	26	56	15	12	5
temporalpole	4	3	1	4	0	0	0	1	2	0
transversetemporal	10	2	5	7	2	1	3	8	5	5
TOTAL	1801	299	394	693	541	567	1108	565	532	293

Table S2 | Distribution of electrodes over the Desikan-Killiany Atlas

The number of electrodes for different brain regions of the DK atlas (rows) for different conditions (columns). From the left to right the columns represent the following: (1) Total electrodes, (2) Gray Matter Left, (3) White Matter Left, (4) Total Left, (5) Gray Matter Right, (6) White Matter Right, (7) Total Right, (8) Responsive Audio, (9) Responsive Visual, (10) Responsive Audiovisual. The regions that showed a significant percent of audiovisual electrodes that was statistically unlikely to get from a random intersection of audio or visual electrodes are highlighted in bold (p<0.01, permutation test, n=10⁶ iterations, total electrodes >=20)

(a) ENGLISH

Noun Animal	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq	Noun food	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq
'fish'	4	1	6.42E-05	'water'	5	2	3.39E-04
'horse'	5	1	6.07E-05	'oil'	3	1	8.64E-05
'bear'	4	1	5.56E-05	'coffee'	6	2	3.94E-05
'dog'	3	1	5.33E-05	'salt'	4	1	3.70E-05
'bird'	4	1	3.20E-05	'fruit'	5	1	3.59E-05
'cat'	3	1	2.91E-05	'milk'	4	1	3.58E-05
'mouse'	5	1	2.31E-05	'sugar'	5	2	3.40E-05
'sheep'	5	1	1.95E-05	'tea'	3	1	3.33E-05
'turkey'	6	2	1.92E-05	'rice'	4	1	3.13E-05
'fox'	3	1	1.84E-05	'bread'	5	1	3.07E-05
'bull'	4	1	1.63E-05	'eggs'	4	1	2.13E-05
'rat'	3	1	1.49E-05	'corn'	4	1	2.00E-05
'wolf'	4	1	1.47E-05	'apple'	5	1	1.65E-05
'seal'	4	1	1.40E-05	'cheese'	6	1	1.53E-05
'lion'	4	2	1.36E-05	'butter'	6	2	1.51E-05
'deer'	4	1	1.24E-05	'pepper'	6	2	1.26E-05
'cow'	3	1	1.14E-05	'olive'	5	1	1.14E-05
'snake'	5	1	1.12E-05	'bean'	4	1	9.08E-06
'penguin'	7	2	1.05E-05	'garlic'	6	2	8.59E-06
'eagle'	5	2	9.73E-06	'salad'	5	2	8.55E-06
'dragon'	6	2	9.54E-06	'lemon'	5	2	8.49E-06
'pig'	3	1	9.35E-06	'onion'	5	2	6.42E-06
'bat'	3	1	9.28E-06	'berry'	5	1	6.39E-06
'tiger'	5	2	8.53E-06	'cherry'	6	1	6.27E-06
'rabbit'	6	2	8.41E-06	'pizza'	5	2	5.60E-06
'monkey'	6	2	6.86E-06	'nut'	3	1	5.20E-06
'duck'	4	1	6.70E-06	'pasta'	5	2	4.50E-06
'goat'	4	1	6.34E-06	'grape'	5	1	3.86E-06
'whale'	5	1	5.77E-06	'peas'	4	1	3.61E-06
'hawk'	4	1	5.56E-06	'peach'	5	1	3.22E-06
'spider'	6	2	5.46E-06	'plum'	4	1	2.78E-06
'ant'	3	1	5.33E-06	'lettuce'	7	2	2.68E-06
Adj concrete	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq	Adj abstract	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq
'long'	4	1	5.04E-04	'good'	4	1	5.76E-04
'small'	5	1	3.48E-04	'best'	4	1	2.69E-04
'large'	5	1	3.21E-04	'better'	6	2	2.63E-04
'low'	3	1	2.09E-04	'free'	4	1	2.17E-04
'short'	5	1	1.80E-04	'real'	4	1	2.10E-04
'clear'	5	1	1.74E-04	'poor'	4	1	1.42E-04
'hard'	4	1	1.59E-04	'bad'	3	1	1.09E-04
'strong'	6	1	1.47E-04	'serious'	7	2	8.12E-05
'big'	3	1	1.40E-04	'happy'	5	2	7.47E-05
'deep'	4	1	1.07E-04	'rich'	4	1	6.90E-05

'dark'	4	1	1.00E-04	'holy'	4	2	6.65E-05
'cold'	4	1	9.21E-05	'pretty'	6	2	5.84E-05
'round'	5	1	8.84E-05	'evil'	4	2	5.71E-05
'heavy'	5	2	6.79E-05	'wild'	4	1	5.37E-05
'hot'	3	1	6.75E-05	'pure'	4	1	4.79E-05
'fast'	4	1	6.44E-05	'sick'	4	1	3.45E-05
'dry'	3	1	5.33E-05	'busy'	4	2	2.96E-05
'soft'	4	1	5.22E-05	'sad'	3	1	2.54E-05
'slow'	4	1	4.84E-05	'proud'	5	1	2.53E-05
'solid'	5	2	4.74E-05	'calm'	4	1	2.47E-05
'huge'	4	1	4.71E-05	'gentle'	6	1	2.04E-05
'warm'	4	1	4.71E-05	'strict'	6	1	2.02E-05
'fat'	3	1	4.18E-05	'mad'	3	1	2.02E-05
'bright'	6	1	4.17E-05	'smart'	5	1	2.01E-05
'weak'	4	1	4.16E-05	'crazy'	5	2	1.70E-05
'thin'	4	1	4.10E-05	'brave'	5	1	1.55E-05
'sweet'	5	1	4.08E-05	'cheap'	5	1	1.49E-05
'silent'	6	1	3.65E-05	'ugly'	4	2	1.12E-05
'oval'	4	2	5.71E-06	'clever'	6	1	1.10E-05
'tiny'	4	2	2.93E-05	'jealous'	7	2	7.70E-06
'dirty'	5	2	1.58E-05	'shy'	3	1	7.70E-06
'massive'	7	2	2.52E-05	'lazy'	4	2	6.09E-06

(b) SPANISH

Noun Animal	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq	Noun food	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq
buho	4	2	6.00E-08	ajo	3	2	5.00E-06
burro	5	2	3.50E-06	arroz	5	2	1.30E-05
dragon	6	2	8.00E-08	café	4	2	5.00E-05
gallo	5	2	6.00E-06	coco	4	2	3.00E-06
gato	4	2	1.40E-05	frijol	6	2	4.50E-06
leon	4	1	2.20E-07	huevo	5	2	1.00E-05
lobo	4	2	7.80E-06	jamon	5	2	2.50E-08
mono	4	2	6.00E-06	jugo	4	2	5.90E-06
oso	3	2	4.80E-06	limon	5	2	6.40E-08
pato	4	2	2.50E-06	maiz	4	1	1.70E-06
pavo	4	2	3.00E-06	mango	5	2	4.50E-06
perro	5	2	3.70E-05	melon	5	2	3.00E-08
pez	3	1	8.00E-06	pan	3	1	3.70E-05
pulpo	5	2	1.00E-06	pastel	6	2	4.80E-06
raton	5	2	2.50E-08	postre	6	2	7.60E-06
tigre	5	2	5.00E-06	queso	5	2	1.10E-05
topo	4	2	1.60E-06	vino	4	2	8.00E-05
toro	4	2	9.30E-06	yogur	5	2	1.98E-06

Adj concrete	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq	Adj abstract	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq
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alto	4	2	1.20E-04	bello	5	2	1.40E-05
ancho	5	2	2.50E-05	bueno	5	2	7.57E-05
bajo	4	2	2.88E-04	cruel	5	2	1.40E-05
claro	5	2	1.35E-04	feliz	5	2	4.84E-05
debil	5	2	1.20E-07	feo	3	2	5.56E-06
dulce	5	2	3.00E-05	guapo	5	2	7.44E-06
duro	4	2	3.30E-05	lindo	5	2	4.53E-06
FINO	4	2	1.00E-05	listo	5	2	1.25E-05
frio	4	2	6.00E-07	loco	4	2	2.44E-05
fuerte	6	2	1.10E-05	malo	4	2	3.00E-05
grande	6	2	1.00E-04	pobre	5	2	5.00E-05
largo	5	2	2.22E-04	puro	4	2	2.50E-05
lento	5	2	1.70E-05	rico	4	2	2.32E-05
rojo	4	2	3.77E-05	sabio	5	2	1.38E-05
seco	4	2	1.80E-05	serio	5	2	3.96E-05
suave	5	1	3.00E-05	tonto	5	2	7.94E-06
sucio	5	2	6.78E-06	triste	5	2	3.36E-05
verde	5	2	3.78E-05	vago	4	2	5.00E-06

(c) TAIWANESE

Noun Animal	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq	Noun food	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq
乳牛-cow	2	2	1.00E-07	咖啡-coffee	2	2	4.60E-05
企鵝-penguin	2	2	1.40E-06	大蒜-garlic	2	2	8.00E-07
兔子-rabbit	2	2	3.30E-06	奶油-butter	2	2	7.60E-07
海豹-seal	2	2	5.10E-07	桃子-peach	2	2	4.60E-07
熊-bear	1	1	4.00E-06	水-water	1	1	2.00E-04
狐狸-fox	2	2	1.60E-06	沙拉-salad	2	2	3.80E-06
狗-dog	1	1	2.20E-05	洋蔥-onion	2	2	1.50E-06
狼-wolf	1	1	1.00E-05	牛奶-milk	1	1	7.80E-06
猴子-monkey	2	2	9.00E-06	玉米-corn	1	1	1.40E-05
獅子-lion	2	2	6.20E-06	米-rice	1	1	6.00E-05
綿羊-sheep	2	2	1.80E-06	糖-sugar	1	1	8.40E-06
老虎-tiger	2	2	7.00E-06	茶-tea	1	1	2.20E-05
老鼠-mouse	2	2	8.60E-06	葡萄-grape	2	2	3.70E-06
蜘蛛-spider	2	2	5.00E-06	蘋果-apple	2	2	2.30E-05
螞蟻-ant	2	2	4.60E-06	蛋-eggs	1	1	7.70E-06
貓-cat	1	1	9.10E-06	豆子-bean	2	2	4.70E-07
馬-horse	1	1	8.20E-05	辣椒-chili	2	2	9.00E-07
鯨魚-whale	2	2	1.80E-06	鳳梨-pineapp	2	2	4.50E-07
鳥-bird	1	1	1.30E-05	鹽-salt	1	1	1.20E-05
龍-dragon	1	1	2.00E-05	麵包-bread	2	2	2.50E-05
Adj concrete	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq	Adj abstract	Length	Syll.	Ngram Freq
乾的-dry	2	2	1.00E-04	假的-fake	2	2	4.00E-05
低的-low	2	2	2.00E-04	傻的-silly	2	2	4.00E-06

冷的-cold	2	2	1.50E-05	壞的-bad	2	2	4.30E-05
大的-large	2	2	1.40E-03	好的-good	2	2	6.00E-04
小的-small	2	2	4.50E-04	帥的-handsome	2	2	2.50E-06
快的-fast	2	2	9.60E-05	忙的-busy	2	2	1.50E-05
慢的-slow	2	2	3.00E-05	怒的-angry	2	2	5.50E-06
濕的-wet	2	2	8.10E-06	懶的-lazy	2	2	3.80E-06
熱的-hot	2	2	5.50E-05	新的-new	2	2	1.40E-03
甜的-sweet	2	2	5.00E-06	病的-sick	2	2	4.30E-04
瘦的-thin	2	2	4.00E-06	瘋的-mad	2	2	4.50E-06
短的-short	2	2	5.00E-05	真的-real	2	2	1.40E-04
硬的-hard	2	2	2.00E-05	窮的-poor	2	2	1.80E-05
胖的-fat	2	2	6.30E-06	笨的-stupid	2	2	2.20E-06
軟的-soft	2	2	2.60E-05	累的-tired	2	2	1.70E-05
輕的-light	2	2	3.00E-05	美的-beautiful	2	2	2.00E-04
酸的-sour	2	2	3.80E-06	舊的-old	2	2	8.00E-05
重的-heavy	2	2	2.20E-04	貴的-expensive	2	2	2.70E-05
長的-long	2	2	3.00E-04	醜的-ugly	2	2	6.30E-06
高的-tall	2	2	5.00E-04	難的-difficult	2	2	1.40E-04

Table S3 | List of all the words used in the experiment, their lengths, number of syllables, and occurrence frequency. (a) English. (b) Spanish. (c) Taiwanese

Region	Total	Left	Right
hippocampus	1	1	0
fusiform	1	1	0
lateralorbitofrontal	10	9	1
superior temporal	2	2	0
TOTAL	14	13	1

Table S4 | Distribution of electrodes that showed modulation by part of speech across brain regions. Significant regions showing lateralization shown in bold. ($p < 10^{-5}$, permutation test, $n = 10^6$ iterations, regions with less than 4 electrodes were excluded).

subject#	#Total	NounEnhanced ($\beta>0$)	AdjEnhanced ($\beta<0$)	Generalize	SubCategory (=Total-Generalized)
5	2	2	0	0	2
14	3	2	1	1	2
16	3	3	0	3	0
18	2	2	0	2	0
20	4	2	2	2	2
TOTAL	14	11	3	8	6

Table S5 | Distribution of nouns- versus adjective-preferring electrodes and electrodes that generalize for parts-of-speech versus those that do not.

Distribution across different subjects of electrodes that are more noun enhanced (column 3) versus more adjective enhanced (column 4), and that of electrodes that generalize to nouns and adjectives (column 5) versus those that showed differences between noun subcategories or adjective subcategories (column 6).

Region	RegionTotal	Noun	Adjective
hippocampus	1	1	0
fusiform	1	1	0
lateralorbitofrontal	10	9	1
superior temporal	2	0	2
TOTAL	14	11	3

Table S6 | Distribution of nouns- versus adjective-preferring electrodes across brain regions. A permutation test combining all brain regions for these electrodes showed that that LOF was significantly noun preferring. ($p < 10^{-5}$, permutation test, $n = 10^6$ iterations, regions with less than 4 electrodes were excluded).

subject#	nLeftLOF	nPOS	%POS
6	6	0	0
9	3	0	0
13	6	0	0
14	4	3	75
15	4	0	0
16	5	3	60
18	5	2	40
20	5	2	40
Total	38	10	Mean%All = 27 ± 31
			Mean%POSubjects = 54 ± 17

Table S7 | Distribution of part of speech encoding electrodes in the left lateralorbitofrontal cortex across subjects

Noun Animal	#N	#A	#V	(#N+1)/ (#A+1)	(#N+1)/ (#V+1)	Noun food	#N	#A	#V	(#N+1)/ (#A+1)	(#N+1)/ (#V+1)
'fish'	105	0	11	106.0	8.8	'water'	372	0	0	373	373
'horse'	126	0	0	127.0	127.0	'oil'	110	0	0	111	111
'bear'	11	0	93	12.0	0.1	'coffee'	68	0	0	69	69
'dog'	124	0	0	125.0	125.0	'salt'	33	0	0	34	34
'bird'	93	0	0	94.0	94.0	'fruit'	51	0	0	52	52
'cat'	55	0	0	56.0	56.0	'milk'	48	0	0	49	49
'mouse'	28	0	0	29.0	29.0	'sugar'	38	0	0	39	39
'sheep'	30	0	0	31.0	31.0	'tea'	88	0	0	89	89
'turkey'	0	0	0	-	-	'rice'	16	0	0	17	17
'fox'	13	0	0	14.0	14.0	'bread'	38	0	0	39	39
'bull'	12	0	0	13.0	13.0	'eggs'	62	0	0	63	63
'rat'	24	0	0	25.0	25.0	'corn'	12	0	0	13	13
'wolf'	12	0	0	13.0	13.0	'apple'	35	0	0	36	36
'seal'	15	0	15	16.0	1.0	'cheese'	30	0	0	31	31
'lion'	21	0	0	22.0	22.0	'butter'	21	0	0	22	22
'deer'	0	0	0	-	-	'pepper'	11	0	0	12	12
'cow'	26	0	0	27.0	27.0	'olive'	0	0	0	-	-
'snake'	12	0	0	13.0	13.0	'bean'	18	0	0	19	19
'penguin'	0	0	0	-	-	'garlic'	0	0	0	1	1
'eagle'	18	0	0	19.0	19.0	'salad'	14	0	0	15	15
'dragon'	13	0	0	14.0	14.0	'lemon'	14	0	0	15	15
'pig'	25	0	0	26.0	26.0	'onion'	12	0	0	13	13
'bat'	13	0	0	14.0	14.0	'berry'	0	0	0	-	-
'tiger'	13	0	0	14.0	14.0	'cherry'	0	0	0	-	-
'rabbit'	25	0	0	26.0	26.0	'pizza'	0	0	0	-	-
'monkey'	11	0	0	12.0	12.0	'nut'	15	0	0	16	16
'duck'	19	0	0	20.0	20.0	'pasta'	0	0	0	-	-
'goat'	12	0	0	13.0	13.0	'grape'	0	0	0	-	-
'whale'	13	0	0	14.0	14.0	'peas'	33	0	0	34	34
'hawk'	0	0	0	-	-	'peach'	0	0	0	-	-
'spider'	10	0	0	11.0	11.0	'plum'	0	0	0	-	-
'ant'	10	0	0	11.0	11.0	'lettuce'	0	0	0	-	-
Adj concrete	#A	#N	#V	(#A+1)/ (#N+1)	(#A+1)/ (#V+1)	Adj abstract	#A	#N	#V	(#A+1)/ (#N+1)	(#A+1)/ (#V+1)
'long'	392	0	0	393.0	393.0	'good'	1276	25	0	49.1	1277.0
'small'	518	0	0	519.0	519.0	'best'	0	0	0	-	-
'large'	471	0	0	472.0	472.0	'better'	0	0	0	-	-
'low'	286	0	0	287.0	287.0	'free'	200	0	23	201.0	8.4
'short'	198	0	0	199.0	199.0	'real'	227	0	0	228.0	228.0

'clear'	239	0	55	240.0	4.3	'poor'	166	0	0	167.0	167.0
'hard'	176	0	0	177.0	177.0	'bad'	264	0	0	265.0	265.0
'strong'	196	0	0	197.0	197.0	'serious'	124	0	0	125.0	125.0
'big'	338	0	0	339.0	339.0	'happy'	129	0	0	130.0	130.0
'deep'	97	0	0	98.0	98.0	'rich'	79	0	0	80.0	80.0
'dark'	104	31	0	3.3	105.0	'holy'	30	0	0	31.0	31.0
'cold'	103	25	0	4.0	104.0	'pretty'	30	0	0	31.0	31.0
'round'	28	47	0	0.6	29.0	'evil'	15	16	0	0.9	16.0
'heavy'	105	0	0	106.0	106.0	'wild'	55	0	0	56.0	56.0
'hot'	94	0	0	95.0	95.0	'pure'	36	0	0	37.0	37.0
'fast'	50	0	0	51.0	51.0	'sick'	44	0	0	45.0	45.0
'dry'	56	0	28	57.0	2.0	'busy'	53	0	0	54.0	54.0
'soft'	66	0	0	67.0	67.0	'sad'	36	0	0	37.0	37.0
'slow'	56	0	23	57.0	2.4	'proud'	32	0	0	33.0	33.0
'solid'	35	0	0	36.0	36.0	'calm'	14	0	0	15.0	15.0
'huge'	79	0	0	80.0	80.0	'gentle'	29	0	0	30.0	30.0
'warm'	70	0	0	71.0	71.0	'strict'	24	0	0	25.0	25.0
'fat'	20	28	0	0.7	21.0	'mad'	32	0	0	33.0	33.0
'bright'	62	0	0	63.0	63.0	'smart'	16	0	0	17.0	17.0
'weak'	45	0	0	46.0	46.0	'crazy'	18	0	0	19.0	19.0
'thin'	56	0	0	57.0	57.0	'brave'	18	0	0	19.0	19.0
'sweet'	36	0	0	37.0	37.0	'cheap'	68	0	0	69.0	69.0
'silent'	38	0	0	39.0	39.0	'ugly'	14	0	0	15.0	15.0
'oval'	0	0	0	-	-	'clever'	25	0	0	26.0	26.0
'tiny'	56	0	0	57.0	57.0	'jealous'	0	0	0	-	-
'dirty'	27	0	0	28.0	28.0	'shy'	11	0	0	12.0	12.0
'massive'	44	0	0	45.0	45.0	'lazy'	0	0	0	-	-

Table S8 | List of all the words used in the experiment, the number of times they occurred in the British National Corpus as a noun (#N), as an adjective (#A), or a verb (#V), and the ratios of their frequency of occurrence in their assigned part of speech versus their usage in other parts of speech. Dashes indicate words that were missing in the corpus.

Subject	Age	Gender	Language	Handedness	#Trials	%Correct	#Electrodes
1	13	M	HI	R	786	54%	134
2	15	F	TW	R	627	69%	35
3	19	M	EN	R	587	96%	174
4	37	F	EN	R	603	97%	78
5	40	M	EN	R	604	99%	73
6	21	M	TW	L	621	71%	64
7	30	M	TW	R	625	59%	78
8	42	F	EN	R	601	87%	154
9	27	F	EN	R	589	96%	62
10	32	F	EN	R	600	92%	141
11	20	F	EN	L	600	96%	72
12	25	M	EN	L	597	77%	92
13	33	F	EN	R	594	96%	65
14	50	F	EN	R	588	96%	117
15	20	M	EN	R	578	94%	65
16	20	F	EN	R	604	84%	81
17	20	F	EN	R	600	94%	78
TOTAL						1563	

Table S9 | Information about each participant for the sentence task including age, gender, language (ENglish, Hindi, TaiWanese), handedness, number of trials, behavioral performance and number of electrodes.

(a) English

Semantically Correct			
W1	W2	W3	W4
the	boys	caugh balls	
the	girls	ate pies	
the	kids	drank milk	
the	men	cut cakes	
the	girls	read books	
the	cows	ate grass	
the	bees	flappe wings	
the	horse:	ate grass	
the	kids	broke plates	
the	boys	player soccer	
the	girls	player hockey	
the	men	ate bread	
the	wome	pluck fruits	
the	men	tried shirts	
the	dogs	bit shoes	
the	birds	lav eggs	
the	snake	ate eggs	
the	cows	gave milk	
the	chefs	made pizza	
the	kids	player music	
the	girls	baked cakes	
the	kids	broke windows	
the	boys	bourel water	
the	girls	dug holes	
the	girls	fried eggs	
the	men	kicke balls	
the	boys	heard music	
the	men	rode bikes	
the	kids	rang bells	
the	wome	stored food	
the	girls	carrier books	
the	girls	stored monev	
the	boys	watch movies	
the	moms	baked cakes	
the	birds	ate seeds	
the	cats	drank milk	
the	men	sippec wine	
the	kids	cleane tables	
the	kids	wore hats	
the	boys	wore pants	
the	wome	boiled eggs	
the	men	clicker pictures	
the	men	chopp trees	
the	boys	wrote letters	
the	girls	drove cars	
the	dogs	fecthe bones	
the	bears	ate honey	
the	dogs	drank milk	
the	cats	climbe trees	
the	ducks	laid eggs	
the	monk	stole mangoe	
the	robbe	stole monev	
the	clouds	broug rain	
the	girls	cut pizza	
the	girls	wrote stories	
the	boys	read books	
the	men	build walls	
the	girls	drove trucks	
the	girls	rode bikes	
the	wome	sippec tea	
the	guard	kept guns	
the	kids	wore masks	
the	boys	watch soccer	
the	girls	watch baseball	
the	wome	watch movies	
the	horse:	drank milk	
the	kids	wore shirts	
the	boys	carrier rocks	
the	boys	broke eggs	
the	wome	bough clothes	
the	girls	bough fruits	
the	boys	bough food	
the	birds	made nests	
the	birds	hid eggs	
the	boys	threw stones	
the	girls	plaver basketball	

Semantically Incorrect/Odd			
W1	W2	W3	W4
the	balls	caught boys	
the	pies	ate girls	
the	milk	drank kids	
the	cakes	cut men	
the	books	read girls	
the	grass	ate cows	
the	wings	flappe bees	
the	the	ate horses	
the	blates	broke kids	
the	the	plaved boys	
the	hocke	plaved girls	
the	bread	ate men	
the	fruits	plucke women	
the	shirts	tried men	
the	shoes	bit dogs	
the	eggs	lav birds	
the	eggs	ate snakes	
the	milk	gave cows	
the	pizza	made chefs	
the	music	plaved kids	
the	cakes	baked girls	
the	windo	broke kids	
the	water	bourel bovs	
the	holes	dug girls	
the	eggs	fried girls	
the	balls	kicked men	
the	music	heard bovs	
the	bikes	rode men	
the	belles	rang kids	
the	food	stored women	
the	books	carried girls	
the	mone	stored girls	
the	movie	watch bovs	
the	cakes	baked moms	
the	seeds	ate birds	
the	milk	drank cats	
the	wine	sipped men	
the	tables	cleane kids	
the	hats	wore kids	
the	pants	wore bovs	
the	eggs	boiled women	
the	pictur	clicked men	
the	trees	chopp men	
the	letter	wrote bovs	
the	cars	drove girls	
the	bones	fecthe dogs	
the	honey	ate bears	
the	milk	drank dogs	
the	trees	climbe cats	
the	eggs	laid ducks	
the	mang	stole monkevs	
the	mone	stole robbers	
the	rain	broug clouds	
the	pizza	cut girls	
the	storie	wrote girls	
the	books	read bovs	
the	walls	build men	
the	trucks	drove girls	
the	bikes	rode girls	
the	tea	sibped women	
the	guns	kept guards	
the	mask	wore kids	
the	soccet	watch boys	
the	baseeb	watch girls	
the	movie	watch women	
the	milk	drank horses	
the	shirts	wore kids	
the	rocks	carried bovs	
the	eggs	broke bovs	
the	clothe	bough women	
the	fruits	bough girls	
the	food	bough bovs	
the	nests	made birds	
the	eggs	hid birds	
the	stone	threw bovs	
the	baske	plaved girls	

(b) Taiwanese

Semantically Correct			
W1	W2	W3	W4
男孩	正在	接	球
女孩	正在	吃	派

Semantically Incorrect/Odd			
W1	W2	W3	W4
球	正在	接	男孩
派	正在	吃	女孩

(c) Hindi

Semantically Correct

W1	W2	W3	W4	Translation
लडका	ने	गट	पकड़ा	the girl caught the ball
लडकों	ने	पाठ	पढ़ा	the girl read the book
गाय	ने	घास	खाड़	the cow ate the grass
बच्चों	ने	पलट	तांड़ा	the young Girl broke the plate
आदम	ने	फल	बैचा	the man sold the fruit
गाय	ने	राटा	खाड़	the cow ate the bread
नारो	ने	राटा	बला	the woman rolled the bread
बकरा	ने	रससा	काटा	the goat cut the rope (with its teeth)
टीचर	ने	काता	लाखा	the teacher wrote the book
धांडा	ने	लात	मारा	the horse hit the kick
लडकों	ने	लससा	पा	the girl drank the lassi

Semantically Incorrect/Odd

W1	W2	W3	W4
गट	ने	लडका	पकड़ा
कोतां	न	लडकी	पढ़ी
यास	ने	गाय	खाड़ी
नलट	ने	बच्चा	तांडी
फल	ने	आदमी	बेचा
राठो	ने	गाय	खाड़ी
रससा	ने	नारा	बला
कोतां	ने	बकरा	काटा
लात	ने	टोचर	लाखा
लससा	ने	घाचर	मारा
		लडका	पा

बच्चों न फॉलम देखा the young Girl watched the film
 बालले न डरस फाडी the cat tore the dress
 टोचर न कवात लाखा the teacher wrote the poem
 दादो न साडी पहना sister wore the saree
 दादो न खोर बनाय �grandma made the kheer
 राना न चाय पा the queen drank tea
 लड़कों न शरट सोला the girl stitched the shirt
 भाल न शहद खाया the bear ate the honey
 आदम न आल बचा the man sold the potato
 भाड़ न कटद काटा brother cut the pumpkin
 बदर न शार काया the monkey made noise
 बदर न फल ताड़ा the monkey plucked the flower
 जानव न दध पाया the animal drank milk
 गारड न गट खाला the guard opened the gate
 लड़कों न फॉलम बनाय the girl made the film
 बच्चों न गेट फको the young Girl threw the ball
 लड़कों न गाड़ी चलाय the girl drove the car
 हाथा न पड़ ताड़ा the elephant broke the tree
 माला न पड़ ताड़ा the gardner cut the tree
 माला न पानी डाला the gardner gave water (to the gar-
 आदम न गाना गया the man sang the song
 दादा न गाना बजाय grandpa played the song
 आदम न सातार बजाय the man played sitar
 बालले न आवाज लगाय the cat made the call (meow)
 दादा न दवा दा grandma gave medicine
 डाकट न डलाज करा the doctor did the treatment
 नारा न पढाड करा the woman did the study
 बालले न घटी खाजय the cat rang the bell
 दादो न खाड़के खाला grandma opened the window
 भाल न गड़दा खादा the bear dug the hole
 लड़कों न ट्रक चलाय the girl drove the truck
 शर आराम करा the lion did rest (noun)
 बच्चों न हाका खेली the young Girl played hockev
 आदम न जता पहना the man wore the shoe
 बाबा न सट पहना old-man wore a suit
 लड़कों न चटनी खाडी the girl ate the chutnev
 लड़कों न फाटी पांचा the girl clicked the photograph
 दादो न घड़ी पहनो grandma wore the watch
 शरना न चाय पा the lioness drank tea
 बकरा न शराब पा the goat drank wine
 लड़कों न चाय पा the girl drank tea
 बकरा न खार खाडी the girl ate the pudding
 घाड़ी न राटी खाडी the goat ate bread
 भाल न आवाज करा the horse made sound (neigh)
 बदर न फल खाया the bear ate the fruit
 बकरा न आम चसा the monkey sucked a mango
 बकरा न घास चबाड the goat chewed grass
 बकरा न जोभ दाखार the goat showed the tougue
 घाड़ी न जोभ दाखार the horse showed the tongue
 बच्चों न आम ताड़ा the monkey plucked the mango
 बदर न चाट लगा the young Girl got hurt
 बालले कोठ ठड लगा the cat felt the cold
 नारा का गरमा लगा the woman felt the heat
 बच्चों न नाव चलाय the young Girl rowed the boat
 लड़कों न बटक चलाय the girl operated the gun
 आदम न पानी डाला the man put water (on the plants)
 आदम न कक बनाय the man made the cake
 आदम न मासक पहना the man wore a mask
 आदम न फन काया the man dialed the phone
 आदम न अखबापढा the man read the newspaper
 आदम न खत पढ़ा the man read the letter
 आदम न नरस न जाभ दखा the nurse checked the tongue
 नरस न दवा दो the nurse gave the medicine
 लड़कों न दवा खाडी the girl ate the medicine
 बाबा न जस पाया the oldMan drank the juice
 बदर न जस पाया the monkey drank the juice
 नारो न दध पाया the bear drank the juice
 नारो न खोर बनाय the woman made the pudding
 नारो न सबजा बनाय the woman made the vegetableCu-
 नारो न आग लगाय the woman put the fire
 नारो न आग बड़ाय the woman extinguished the fire
 नारो न राटी खाडी the woman ate bread
 नरस न डरस पहना the woman wore the dress
 जान बचाय the nurse saved life
 लड़कों न पढाड करा the girl did the studv
 आदम न पहाड चढा the man climbed the hill
 लामड़ी न गेट फको the fox threw the ball
 लामड़ी न बरड खाडी the fox ate the bread
 आदम न शोशा ताड़ा the man broke the windowGlass
 सचिन को इनाम दाया the player got the prize
 बततर न डबको मारा the duck took the dip
 लड़कों न डबका मारा the girl took the dip

फॉलम न डरस न कवात न बनाय the young Girl watched the film
 फॉलम न खोर चाय शरट न बनाय the cat tore the dress
 फॉलम न शहद आल कटद न बनाय the teacher wrote the poem
 फॉलम न आवाज फल दध न बनाय the man sold the potato
 फॉलम न गेट गेट न बनाय brother cut the pumpkin
 फॉलम न गेट गेट न बनाय the monkey made noise
 फॉलम न गेट गेट न बनाय the monkey plucked the flower
 फॉलम न गेट गेट न बनाय the animal drank milk
 फॉलम न गेट गेट न बनाय the guard opened the gate
 फॉलम न गेट गेट न बनाय the girl made the film
 फॉलम न गेट गेट न बनाय the young Girl threw the ball
 फॉलम न गेट गेट न बनाय the girl drove the car
 फॉलम न गेट गेट न बनाय the elephant broke the tree
 फॉलम न गेट गेट न बनाय the gardner cut the tree
 फॉलम न गेट गेट न बनाय the gardner gave water (to the gar-
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the man sang the song
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय grandpa played the song
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the man played sitar
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the cat made the call (meow)
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय grandma gave medicine
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the doctor did the treatment
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the woman did the study
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the cat rang the bell
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय grandma opened the window
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the bear dug the hole
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the girl drove the truck
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the lion did rest (noun)
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the young Girl played hockev
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the man wore the shoe
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय old-man wore a suit
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the girl ate the chutnev
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the girl clicked the photograph
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय grandma wore the watch
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the lioness drank tea
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the goat drank wine
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the girl drank tea
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the girl ate the pudding
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the goat ate bread
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the horse made sound (neigh)
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the monkey sucked a mango
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the goat chewed grass
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the goat showed the tougue
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the horse showed the tongue
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the young Girl showed the tongue
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the monkey plucked the mango
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the young Girl got hurt
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the cat felt the cold
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the woman felt the heat
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the young Girl rowed the boat
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the girl operated the gun
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the man put water (on the plants)
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the man made the cake
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the man wore a mask
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the man dialed the phone
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the man read the newspaper
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the man read the letter
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the nurse checked the tongue
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the nurse gave the medicine
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the girl ate the medicine
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the oldMan drank the juice
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the monkey drank the juice
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the bear drank the juice
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the woman made the pudding
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the woman made the vegetableCu-
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the woman put the fire
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the woman extinguished the fire
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the woman ate bread
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the woman wore the dress
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the nurse saved life
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the girl did the studv
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the man climbed the hill
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the fox threw the ball
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the fox ate the bread
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the man broke the windowGlass
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the player got the prize
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the duck took the dip
 गेट गेट न गेट गेट न बनाय the girl took the dip

लड़कों ने	आखे	मारा	the girl winked the eye
बालले ने	आखे	मारा	the cat winked the eye
नारों ने	गससा	काया	the woman made anger
आदमें ने	गससा	काया	the man made anger
आदमें ने	संब	खाया	the man ate the apple
टीचर ने	सवाल	पछा	the teacher asked the question
सटडेट ने	जवाब	दाया	the student answered the question
नरस ने	टवा	लगाया	the nurse applied the medicine
नरस ने	डिलाज	करा	the nurse did the treatment
नरस ने	सुड	लगाया	the nurse gave the injection
लड़कों ने	फटबा	खेला	the girl played soccer
आदमी ने	कराक	खेला	the man played cricket
बदर ने	कराक	खेला	the monkey played cricket
बदर ने	डिनाम	जोता	the monkey won the prize
शेर ने	पहाड़	चढ़ा	the lion climbed the hill
बदर ने	पड़	चढ़ा	the monkey climbed the tree
बदर ने	मासक	पहना	the monkey wore the mask
बदर ने	फान	काया	the monkey called the phone
लड़कों ने	पलट	ताड़ा	the girl broke the plate
लड़कों ने	खाइड़क	ताड़ा	the girl broke the window
लड़कों ने	गलता	करा	the girl made the mistake
टीचर ने	डाट	लगाया	the teacher gave the scolding
बच्चों ने	खार	खाइड़	the young girl ate the pudding
बदर ने	सट	पहना	the monkey wore the suit
बदर ने	गालोर	पकड़ा	the monkey held the glass
भाल ने	गालोर	पकड़ा	the bear held the glass
भाल ने	टृध	पाया	the bear drank the milk
बकरों ने	टोपा	पहना	the goat wore the hat
गाय ने	शरट	पहना	the cow wore the shirt
गाय ने	घास	खाइड़	the cow ate grass
गाय ने	पतता	खाइड़	the cow ate the leaf
बकरों ने	पतता	खाइड़	the goat ate the leaf
गाय ने	साड़ी	पहना	the cow wore the saree
लड़कों ने	साड़ी	पहना	the girl wore the saree
माला ने	पड़	लगाया	the gardner planted the tree

आखे	ने	लड़कों	मारा
आखे	ने	बाललों	मारा
नारों	ने	नारों	काया
आदमी	ने	आदमी	काया
संब	ने	आदमी	खाया
सवाल	ने	टीचर	पछा
जवाब	ने	सटडेट	दाया
टवा	ने	नरस	लगाया
डिलाज	ने	नरस	करा
सुड	ने	नरस	लगाया
फटबा	ने	लड़कों	खेला
कराक	ने	आदमी	खेला
कराक	ने	बदर	खेला
डिनाम	ने	बदर	जोता
पहाड़	ने	शेर	चढ़ा
पड़	ने	बदर	चढ़ा
मासक	ने	बदर	पहना
फान	ने	बदर	काया
पलट	ने	लड़कों	ताड़ा
खाइड़क	ने	लड़कों	ताड़ा
गलता	ने	लड़कों	करा
डाट	ने	टीचर	लगाया
खार	ने	बच्चों	खाइड़
सट	ने	बदर	पहना
गालोर	ने	बदर	पकड़ा
टृध	ने	भाल	पकड़ा
टोपा	ने	भाल	पाया
शरट	ने	बकरों	पहना
घास	ने	गाय	पहना
पतता	ने	गाय	खाइड़
पतता	ने	बकरों	खाइड़
साड़ी	ने	गाय	पहना
साड़ी	ने	लड़कों	पहना
पड़	ने	माला	लगाया

Table S10 | List of all sentences used in the experiment. (a) English, (b) Taiwanese, and (c) Hindi. The semantically incorrect/odd sentences were formed by swapping the nouns of the correct sentences, without changing the grammatical correctness of the sentence.

Region\nElecs	Total	GMLeft	WMLeft	Left	GMRight	WMRight	Right
'Amygdala'	44	22	0	22	22	0	22
'Hippocampus'	65	29	0	29	36	0	36
'Inf-Lat-Vent'	7	3	0	3	4	0	4
'Lateral-Ventricle'	3	2	0	2	1	0	1
'Putamen'	6	3	0	3	3	0	3
'VentralDC'	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
'bankssts'	17	4	0	4	8	5	13
'udalanteriorcingula'	27	8	4	12	7	8	15
'caudalmiddlefrontal'	54	7	23	30	3	21	24
'entorhinal'	14	8	1	9	4	1	5
'fusiform'	44	7	9	16	14	14	28
'inferiorparietal'	57	10	7	17	24	16	40
'inferiortemporal'	75	16	10	26	23	26	49
'insula'	82	14	7	21	29	32	61
'isthmuscingulate'	14	2	3	5	1	8	9
'lateraloccipital'	13	2	0	2	6	5	11
'lateralorbitofrontal'	79	20	21	41	12	26	38
'lingual'	3	0	0	0	3	0	3
'medialorbitofrontal'	57	15	22	37	9	11	20
'middletemporal'	175	54	30	84	61	30	91
'paracentral'	4	0	0	0	1	3	4
'parahippocampal'	9	2	1	3	5	1	6
'parsopercularis'	39	8	7	15	13	11	24
'parsorbitalis'	23	12	4	16	1	6	7
'parstriangularis'	66	21	19	40	8	18	26
'pericalcarine'	4	0	0	0	1	3	4
'postcentral'	24	9	3	12	3	9	12
'posteriorcingulate'	27	4	10	14	2	11	13
'precentral'	59	23	21	44	3	12	15
'precuneus'	19	1	8	9	4	6	10
'stralanteriorcingula'	29	4	16	20	4	5	9
'rostralmiddlefrontal'	87	24	33	57	14	16	30
'superiorfrontal'	74	20	20	40	8	26	34
'superiorparietal'	15	1	1	2	4	9	13
'superiortemporal'	128	43	15	58	37	33	70
'supramarginal'	70	24	9	33	7	30	37
'temporalpole'	38	21	5	26	11	1	12
'transversetemporal'	11	3	5	8	1	2	3
TOTAL	1563	446	314	760	398	405	803

Table S11 | Distribution of electrodes for sentence task over the Desikan-Killiany Atlas

The number of electrodes for different brain regions of the DK atlas (rows) for different

conditions (columns). From the left to right the columns represent the following: (1) Total electrodes, (2) Gray Matter Left, (3) White Matter Left, (4) Total Left, (5) Gray Matter Right, (6) White Matter Right, (7) Total Right.

	Total	Left	Right	Noun	Verb
'caudalmiddlefrontal'	2	2	0	2	0
'fusiform'	2	0	2	1	1
'inferiorparietal'	1	1	0	1	0
'inferiortemporal'	2	2	0	2	0
'insula'	2	1	1	1	1
'middletemporal'	4	1	3	4	0
'parahippocampal'	1	0	1	1	0
'parsopercularis'	3	2	1	1	2
'parsorbitalis'	1	1	0	1	0
'parstriangularis'	6	4	2	5	1
'postcentral'	1	1	0	1	0
'precentral'	7	7	0	1	6
'rostralmiddlefrontal'	2	1	1	1	1
'superiorfrontal'	1	1	0	0	1
'superiortemporal'	3	2	1	2	1
'supramarginal'	1	1	0	0	1
'Hippocampus'	2	0	2	2	0
TOTAL	41	27	14	26	15

Table S12 | Electrode locations of all the electrodes on the Desikan-Kiliany Atlas, that had a significant contribution of the Nouns versus Verbs predictor in the GLM. From the left to right the columns represent the following: (1) Total electrodes, (2) left or, (3) right hemisphere, (4) noun- or, (5) verb-preferring. Significant regions showing lateralization shown in bold. ($p < 10^{-5}$, permutation test, $n = 10^6$ iterations, regions with less than 4 electrodes were excluded).